
Rector's notification No. 13/2023

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Utilization of Artificial Intelligence (AI) Tools in the Qualification Thesis Creation Process

This notification establishes the fundamental rules for the utilization of Artificial Intelligence (hereinafter referred to as 'AI') tools in the process of creating qualification theses at AMBIS University, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as 'AMBIS').

The utilization of AI in the process of students' qualification thesis creation must adhere to the principles of academic and personal moral integrity and must be transparent.

Information obtained through AI tools must be verified by students and approached within the framework of critical thinking principles.

Students may utilize Artificial Intelligence (AI) tools with the intention of expediting preparations, refining, or otherwise enhancing their original content.

The student is always responsible for the output in the form of written text; no responsibility for text creation can be transferred to AI in principle.

Specific examples of AI tool utilization

AI tools can be particularly helpful for stylistic, content-creative, and structural suggestions to enhance text or other content. In the practice of creating qualification theses at AMBIS – this means that students may use text generators for activities related to preparing specialized texts, especially in the following examples:

- Data research
- Stylistic inspiration
- Improving grammar and writing style
- Creating literature reviews
- Finding ways to make text more comprehensible,
- Translation from foreign languages,
- Content structuring,
- Generating ideas and inspiration.

Exceptions occur in cases where text generation itself is the subject of research or when it involves a citation from another source that publishes texts generated by AI technologies. In such cases, it must be clearly stated alongside the text that it is generated text.

Rules for citing AI tools

The standard ČSN ISO 690, nor its current version ČSN ISO 690:2022, does not address citation of AI, and citing AI tools is not included in its interpretation. From the perspective of Czech law, AI cannot be considered as an author because it is not a person in the true sense of the word.

The outputs generated by AI tools are not primary sources to be cited; it is always necessary to verify the obtained information in primary sources and use them accordingly and cite them properly.

In no case can AI tools serve as the sole source of information in the creation of qualification theses.

Adopting results generated by AI in their literal or slightly modified form and presenting them as one's own work is considered plagiarism.

Fundamental principles of cybersecurity when utilizing AI tools

The fundamental principles that users of AI technologies must adhere to:

- not to disclose sensitive data to AI technology,
- not to provide AI technology with data protected by, for example, third-party licenses, copyright, etc.,
- pay increased attention to safeguarding login credentials for AI technology.

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rector
signed electronically